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12	(For additional attorneys see ne	ext page)
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14	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
15	FOR THE CENTRAL DIS	TRICT OF CALIFORNIA
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17	EL RESCATE LEGAL SERVICES,) INC., et al.,)	No. CV 88-1201 KN
18	Plaintiffs,	PLAINTIFFS' MOTION FOR VOLUNTARY DISMISSAL OF ACTION;
19	vs.	MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES
20	EXECUTIVE OFFICE FOR	Date: November 29, 1993
21	IMMIGRATION REVIEW, et al.,	Time: 9:30 a.m. Judge: Judge David Kenyon
2 2	Defendants.	
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1	Attorneys for Plaintiffs (continued)
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TO DEFENDANTS AND THEIR ATTORNEYS OF RECORD:

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that on November 29, 1993 at 9:30 a.m., or as soon thereafter as counsel may be heard, plaintiffs will and do hereby move the Court for an Order dismissing this class action without prejudice pursuant to Rules 41(a)(2) and 23(e) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

This motion is based on the accompanying memorandum of law and upon all pleadings and factual materials on file in this action.

DATED: October 20, 1993

Respectfully submitted,

PUBLIC COUNSEL
SAN FERNANDO NEIGHBORHOOD
LEGAL SERVICES
NATIONAL IMMIGRATION LAW CENTER
MEXICAN AMERICAN LEGAL DEFENSE
AND EDUCATIONAL FUND
TALCOTT, LIGHTFOOT, VANDEVELDE,
WOEHRLE & SADOWSKY
CENTRAL AMERICAN REFUGEE CENTER
IMMIGRANTS' RIGHTS OFFICE OF THE
LEGAL AID FOUNDATION OF
LOS ANGELES

BY:_

NIELS W. FRENZEN

Attorneys for Plaintiffs

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I. Dismissal of Action Without Prejudice

Plaintiffs commenced this action in 1988. Two broad forms of relief were sought on behalf of the plaintiff class and the two organizational plaintiffs: competent interpretation of immigration court proceedings and complete interpretation of immigration court proceedings.

Plaintiffs sought partial summary judgment on the issue of complete interpretation and conducted extensive discovery on the interpreter competency issue. In 1989 the district court granted plaintiffs partial summary judgment and affirmatively enjoined defendants to provide complete interpretation. The Court of Appeals reversed the district court's injunction on March 10, 1992 and remanded the case for the district court to determine whether defendants' policy relating to the completeness of interpretation, as applied, systematically violated plaintiffs' rights to due process.

On May 1, 1992, two months after the Court of Appeals' decision, defendants implemented a policy restricted to those immigration courts covered by the injunction which provided for the complete interpretation of immigration court proceedings. This policy remains in effect today.

On March 19, 1991, the district court, on its own motion, stayed all further proceedings to give defendants the opportunity to develop and implement various remedial measures they had

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begun, as a result of the lawsuit, to improve the quality of interpretation. These remedial measures, including preparatory work for the development of a Spanish language interpreter certification examination, have now been ongoing for over two and one-half years.

In light of the remedial measures undertaken by defendants to improve the competency of interpretation in the immigration courts and in light of defendant EOIR's existing policy of providing complete interpretation, plaintiffs have obtained the sought after relief and believe a dismissal of this litigation, without prejudice, pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 41(a)(2) is in plaintiffs' best interests.

With the exception of the issue of attorneys' fees and costs, there are no issues which need to be tried before the Court. Should defendants seek to undo any of their completed or ongoing remedial efforts, including the existing policy requiring complete interpretation, plaintiffs' rights would be protected through the commencement of a new action.

II. Notice To Class Members

Plaintiffs propose that Rule 23(e) notice to class members consist of the following:

(1) Posting, for a period of thirty days, the notice set forth at Exhibit 1, in the English and Spanish languages, on the official Immigration Court bulletin boards in the El Centro, San Diego, San Pedro, and Los Angeles Immigration Courts;

- (2) Delivery of the notice set forth at Exhibit 1 to local bar associations and, where appropriate their immigration sections, in Los Angeles, San Diego, and Imperial counties and to the Los Angeles, San Diego, and national offices of the American Immigration Lawyers Association; and
- (3) Delivery of the notice set forth at Exhibit 1 to the membership and mailing list of the Coalition for Humane Immigrants' Rights of Los Angeles (approximately 525 organizations or persons).

III. Conclusion

For the foregoing reasons, plaintiffs respectfully seek approval of the form of proposed class-member notice and, subsequent to the giving of such approved notice, plaintiffs seek an Order dismissing this action without prejudice.

DATED: October 20, 1993 Respectfully submitted,

PUBLIC COUNSEL
SAN FERNANDO NEIGHBORHOOD
LEGAL SERVICES
NATIONAL IMMIGRATION LAW CENTER
MEXICAN AMERICAN LEGAL DEFENSE
AND EDUCATIONAL FUND
TALCOTT, LIGHTFOOT, VANDEVELDE,
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IMMIGRANTS' RIGHTS OFFICE OF THE
LEGAL AID FOUNDATION OF
LOS ANGELES

BY:

NIELS W. FRENZEN Attorneys for Plaintiffs

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

El Rescate Legal Services, Inc., et al. vs. Executive Office for Immigration Review, et al., Case No. CV-88-1201-KN

NOTICE TO ALL PERSONS UNDER IMMIGRATION COURT PROCEEDINGS AND TO THEIR ATTORNEYS

NOTICE OF PROPOSED DISMISSAL OF A LAWSUIT WHICH AFFECTS YOUR RIGHTS IN IMMIGRATION COURT

A Lawsuit Was Filed to Seek Changes in the Way Interpretation Is Provided In Immigration Court

If you are under immigration court proceedings and do not speak English or speak English in a limited way, a lawsuit was filed on your behalf in U.S. District Court in 1988.

The class-action lawsuit, <u>El Rescate Legal Services v.</u> Executive Office for Immigration Review, charged that the failure of the Immigration Courts in Los Angeles, San Diego, and El Centro to provide for complete interpretation of immigration court proceedings and the failure to use competent court interpreters resulted in the denial of your rights under the immigration laws and the Constitution.

Complete Interpretation Is Required

In 1992 the Immigration Courts in Los Angeles, San Diego, and El Centro adopted a policy which requires complete interpretation, in most circumstances, of everything that is said during your immigration court hearing. You presently have the right to complete interpretation in immigration court pursuant to this official policy.

Competent Interpretation Is Required

Since 1990 the immigration courts have been providing training and additional resources to their staff interpreters.

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Non-staff interpreters have also been required to meet certain additional minimum requirements before being permitted to interpret in immigration court. These improvements will continue in the future.

A Dismissal of the Lawsuit is Proposed

In 1991, in light of the steps being taken to improve the quality of interpretation, the U.S. District Court temporarily halted the lawsuit. The attorneys for the plaintiff class-members are now proposing that the lawsuit pending before the U.S. District Court be dismissed without prejudice. A dismissal would permanently end this particular challenge and would require that a new lawsuit be filed if a class-member wanted to challenge problems with the overall system by which the immigration courts provide interpretation.

A Dismissal Does Not Affect Your Immigration Court Case

The dismissal of this lawsuit does not in any way affect your immigration court case or your ability to raise objections to interpretation as they affect your case. You or your attorney are free to make objections to the quality or type of interpretation you receive during your individual immigration court case. You or your attorney may pursue any such objections on appeal as well.

Procedure for Objecting to Dismissal

If you do <u>not</u> object to a dismissal of the lawsuit, <u>you do</u> <u>not need to do anything</u>.

If you <u>object</u> to the dismissal of the lawsuit and believe that your rights will be harmed if this lawsuit is dismissed, you must follow the following steps:

1) Your objection must be in writing. It may be written in any language. Your objection must be sent by U.S. Mail to the Clerk of the U.S. District Court for the Central District Of California:

Office of the Clerk

Re: El Rescate v. EOIR, Case No. CV-1201-KN

U.S. District Court

312 N. Spring Street Los Angeles, CA 90012

- 2) Your objection must include the following information:
 - a) Name, address and telephone number of the person filing the objection;

- b) A statement of the reasons for objecting to the dismissal of the lawsuit;
- c) A statement confirming that copies of your objection are being sent to the two lawyers listed below.
- 3) You must send your objections to the Clerk of the Court and to:

Niels W. Frenzen Public Counsel 3535 W. 6th St., Ste. 100 Los Angeles, CA 90020

Allen Hausman U.S Department of Justice P.O. Box 878 Ben Franklin Station Washington, DC 20044

4) The deadline for filing your objection and mailing them to the Court and to the lawyers is ______. In order to be considered timely, your objection must be postmarked on or before ______. Objections filed after this date will not be considered.

PROOF OF SERVICE

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State of California, County of Los Angeles.

I, Niels Frenzen, am a resident of the aforesaid county, State of California; I am over the age of 18 years and not a party to the within action; my business address is 3535 West Sixth Street, Suite 100, Los Angeles, CA 90020.

On <u>October 20</u>, 1993, I served the foregoing

PLAINTIFFS' MOTION FOR VOLUNTARY DISMISSAL OF ACTION;
MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

on the Defendants by facsimile and by placing a true and correct copy thereof, enclosed in a sealed envelope, addressed as follows:

Allen Hausman
Office of Immigration Litigation
Civil Division
U.S. Department of Justice
P.O. Box 878, Ben Franklin Station
Washington, DC 20044

I caused such envelope with postage fully paid to be placed in the United States mail at Los Angeles, California.

I certify under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct, and that I am employed in the office of a member of the bar of this court at whose direction the service was made. Executed on October 20 , 1993.

NIELS W. FRENZEN