	(Original Signature of Member)
116	TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION H.R.
To	require the Director of U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement to ensure that foreign nationals test negative for SARS–CoV–2 before repatriation or removal, and for other purposes.
	IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
	Mr. Nadler introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on
	A BILL
То	require the Director of U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement to ensure that foreign nationals test negative for SARS–CoV–2 before repatriation or removal, and for other purposes.
1	Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
2	tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
3	SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
4	This Act may be cited as the "Coronavirus Contain-

Congress finds the following:

5 ment Act of 2020".

6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

7

1	(1) U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforce-
2	ment repatriated or attempted to repatriate dozens
3	of foreign nationals who tested positive for SARS-
4	CoV-2 prior to departure from the United States or
5	upon arrival in their country of destination.
6	(2) Haiti is one of the most vulnerable nations
7	in the world to SARS-CoV-2 with only a few dozen
8	ventilators for 11 million people. Yet, in April 2020,
9	multiple individuals who were repatriated or other-
10	wise removed to Haiti on a single flight tested posi-
11	tive for SARS-CoV-2 upon their arrival. In May,
12	U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement
13	planned to repatriate more than 100 individuals to
14	Haiti, including individuals known to have COVID-
15	19, but abandoned these plans after media scrutiny
16	and pressure from the Haitian government.
17	(3) As of mid-May 2020, more than 100 indi-
18	viduals have tested positive for SARS-CoV-2 upon
19	arrival in Guatemala, prompting Guatemala to sus-
20	pend repatriation flights from the United States on
21	several occasions.
22	(4) U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforce-
23	ment's patch work approach to the screening and
24	testing of deportees prior to repatriation has failed,
25	leading to the removal of dozens of individuals in-

1	fected with SARS-CoV-2 to countries with over-
2	taxed healthcare infrastructures, furthering the glob-
3	al spread of the disease.
4	SEC. 3. TESTING BEFORE REPATRIATION OR REMOVAL.
5	(a) In General.—During the period described in
6	subsection (e), the Director of U.S. Immigration and Cus-
7	toms Enforcement shall, prior to the repatriation or re-
8	moval of any individual—
9	(1) conduct a viral test to determine if such an
10	individual is infected with SARS-CoV-2; and
11	(2) engage with the receiving country to ensure,
12	subject to subsection (b), that such an individual can
13	be safely removed or otherwise repatriated.
14	(b) Limitation on Repatriation or Removal.—
15	In the case that an individual tested under subsection
16	(a)(1) tests positive for SARS-CoV-2, such individual
17	may not be removed or otherwise repatriated until such
18	individual—
19	(1) exhibits no symptoms of COVID-19 for at
20	least 10 days; and
21	(2) is administered 2 additional viral tests more
22	than 24 hours apart and tests negative for SARS-
23	CoV-2 each time such a viral test is administered.
24	(c) Period Described.—The period described in
25	this section is the period beginning on the date of the en-

actment of this Act and ending 180 days after the date on which the public health emergency declared by the Secretary of Health and Human Services under section 319 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 247d) with respect to COVID-19 is terminated. 6 SEC. 4. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS. 7 Not later than 60 days after the date of the enact-8 ment of this Act, the Director of U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement shall publish on its public website, 10 and update on a weekly basis, information related to testing of individuals it intends to remove or repatriate. Such information shall be delineated by facility and shall include— 13 14 (1) the number of removals and repatriations, 15 delineated by country of origin; 16 (2) the results of the viral tests administered to 17 individuals U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforce-18 ment intends to remove or repatriate; and 19 (3) in the case of individuals U.S. Immigration 20 and Customs Enforcement intends to remove or re-21 patriate who test positive for SARS-CoV-2, the average length of stay in detention for such individ-22 23 uals. SEC. 5. DEFINITIONS. 25 In this Act:

1	(1) Symptoms of Covid-19.—The term "symp-
2	toms of COVID-19" includes—
3	(A) fever or chills;
4	(B) cough;
5	(C) shortness of breath or difficulty
6	breathing;
7	(D) fatigue;
8	(E) muscle or body aches;
9	(F) headaches;
10	(G) new loss of taste or smell;
11	(H) sore throat;
12	(I) congestion or runny nose;
13	(J) nausea or vomiting;
14	(K) diarrhea; or
15	(L) any other symptom that the Director
16	of the Centers for Disease Control and Preven-
17	tion determines to be a symptom of COVID-19.
18	(2) VIRAL TEST.—The term "viral test" means
19	a diagnostic test with respect to SARS–CoV–2 that
20	is approved, cleared, or authorized under section
21	510(k), 513 , 515 or 564 of the Federal Food, Drug,
22	and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 360(k), 360c, 360e, or
23	360bbb-3).